

THE South-Carolina Gazette.

Containing the freshest Advices Foreign and Domestick.

FROM THURSDAY February 5, to THURSDAY February 12, 1741.

VIENNA, Nov. 9.

THE Dispute betwixt this Court and that of Munich is very important. The Queen having written a Letter to the Bavarian, as well as all the other Electors, notifying the Death of her Father, and her Accession to the Throne of Hungary and Bohemia, the Letter directed to the Elector of Bavaria was sent back hither to the Elector's Minister, with this Declaration, 'That it was not possible for the Elector his Master to acknowledge the said Princess as Queen of Hungary and Bohemia, considering the Pretensions he has to the Emperor's Estate, and which he was resolv'd to maintain.' The Minister added, that those Pretensions were founded upon the last Will and Testament of the Emperor Ferdinand I. He made the same Declaration to all the Foreign Ministers residing at this Court. The Queen being informed of the Cause of the Elector's Refusal, demanded of the Count de la Perouse, the Elector's Minister, a Copy of that Article of the aforesaid Will on which that Prince founds his Pretensions, in order to compare it with the Original of that Will, which is kept in the Archives of the House of Austria. Upon the said Copy's being delivered, the Great Chancellor, the Count de Sintzendorff, sent for the Count de la Perouse to Court, together with the Foreign Ministers that are now in Town. When they were all met, the Chancellor made a Speech to them, wherein he acquainted them of the Reason of the Elector of Bavaria's Refusal, and of the Nature of the Demands form'd by that Prince; after which he shew'd them the Original Will of Ferdinand I. together with the Extract deliver'd by the Bavarian Minister, and desired them to compare the one with the other, to take or receive Extracts of them, and to communicate the Matter to their Courts. The Difference between the two Articles is certainly very great. The Extract produc'd by the Court of Bavaria imports, *That the Archduchess, eldest Daughter of the Emperor Ferdinand I. if she be alive at the Time when the Succession is open shall succeed to the Two Kingdoms of Bohemia and Hungary, &c. in case there be no MALE Heirs left by any of that Emperor's Three Brothers.* The Original produc'd by Count Sintzendorff imports, on the contrary, what follows, viz. *That the Archduchess eldest Daughter of the Emperor Ferdinand I. if living at the Time when the Succession shall be open, shall succeed to the Two Kingdoms of Bohemia and Hungary, &c. in case there be no LAWFUL Heirs left by any of the Three Brothers of that Emperor.* Consequently the Elector of Bavaria pretends that the Succession is now open, in the Case specified by the Will; whereas on the Part of this Court 'tis alledg'd, that this could only take Place in case the Emperor had died without any Lawful Issue. Orders have been sent to all the Queen's Ministers at Foreign Courts, to exhibit her Majesty's Plea against the Elector of Bavaria's Demand. Mean time it has been resolv'd to take the necessary Measures for assembling a great Body of Forces on the Frontiers of Bohemia, and there's a Talk of re-inforcing the Garrisons of Hungary that are near the Hereditary Countries.

Munich, Nov. 12. The Elector has acquainted not only the Courts of the Empire, but several other Courts of Europe of his Resolution to maintain his Rights to the Succession of the late Emperor Charles VI. He has also order'd his Forces to be augmented, and we are assur'd that some Regiments are already on their March.

Memminghem, OB. 19. O. S. There are fresh Comotions in the Archbishoprick of Saltzburgh. The Inhabitants of several Villages have embraced the Protestant Religion, and demanded the free Exercise thereof, or Leave to quit the Country, as many others have done. The Archbishop has on this Occasion desired to be assisted with some Troops from the Elector of Bavaria.

Paris, Nov. 1. O. S. The publick Stocks continue to fall; and by the Measures which the Court is taking, every Body thinks that a general War is at Hand, for it has given Orders for a Review next Month, and in the mean time for augmenting the Foot with 30 4 5 Men, exclusive of the 16 Independent Companies, the 177 Companies of Invalids, and the 100 Battalions of the Militia; for augmenting the Dragoons with 3400 Men, and the Horse with 3080, exclusive of the intended Augmentation of the Cavalry of the King's Household, the 10 Companies of the Gendarmery and Light Horse, and the 8 free Companies of Dragoons. The Intendants of the Provinces are likewise order'd to have their Militia ready by next New-Year's Day.

Genoa, OB. 26. O. S. Some Merchants of this City have received Letters from their Correspondents at Cadiz, which inform them, that a new Battery is erected at the Entrance of the Port of Cadiz, whereon are placed twenty Pieces of Cannon.

Venice, Nov. 1. O. S. The Senate has issued Orders for completing the Troops of the Republick, and it is strongly reported that a Fleet will be fitted out before the next Spring.

Vienna, Nov. 12. The Court has receiv'd a most obliging Answer to the Queen of Hungary's Letter to the King of Prussia, acquainting him of the Emperor's Death and of her Accession to the Hereditary Dominions; for his Prussian Majesty declares, that he will not only maintain the Pragmatick Sanction, but he likewise offers in Case of Need, to send a considerable Body of Troops for Defence of the Hereditary Dominions.

Ratisbon, Nov. 6. O. S. The Electors of Bavaria, Palatine, Cologne, and Triers, have enter'd into a League to maintain (in the Way) the Peace of the Empire; and for that Purpose each of them is, in Case of Need, to furnish a certain Number of Troops, to wit, the Elector of Cologne, 7000 Foot and 2000 Horse; the Elector of Bavaria, 6000 Foot and 2000 Horse, besides the Contingents from the Bishoprick of Freysingen and the County Lichtenberg; the Elector Palatine, 2000 Foot and 2000 Horse; and the Elector of Triers, 2900 Foot and 1900 Horse.

The above Troops united, will all together form a Body of 30,000 Men.

LONDON

L O N D O N,

His MAJESTY'S most gracious SPEECH to both Houses
Parliament, on Tuesday the Eighteenth Day of November,
1740.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I Acquainted you at the Close of the last Session of Parliament, that I was making Preparations for carrying on the just and necessary War, in which I am engaged, in the most proper Places, and in the most vigorous and effectual Manner. For this Purpose strong Squadrons were got ready, and ordered to sail upon important Services, both in the West-Indies and Europe, with as much Expedition as the Nature of those Services, and the Manning of the Ships would admit: A very considerable Body of Land Forces was embarked, which is to be joined by a great Number of my Subjects, raised in America; and all Things necessary for Transporting the Troops from hence, and carrying on the designed Expedition, were a long time in Readiness, and waited only for an Opportunity to pursue the intended Voyage.

The several Incidents which have happened in the mean Time, have had no Effect upon me, but to confirm me in my Resolutions, and to determine me to add Strength to my Armaments, rather than to divert or deter from those just and vigorous Measures which I am pursuing, for maintaining the Honour of my Crown, and the undoubted Rights of my People.

The Court of Spain having already felt some Effects of our Resentment, began to be sensible that they should be no longer able, alone, to defend themselves against the Efforts of the British Nation, and, if any other Power, agreeably to some late extraordinary Proceedings should interpose, and attempt to prescribe or limit the Operation of War against my declared Enemies, the Honour and Interest of my Crown and Kingdoms must call upon us to lose no Time in putting ourselves into such a Condition, as may enable us to repel any Insults, and to frustrate any Designs formed against us, in Violation of the Faith of Treaties: And I hope any such unprecedented Steps, under what Colour or Pretence soever they may be taken, will inspire my Allies with a true Sense of the common Danger, and will unite us in the Supports and Defence of the common Cause.

The great and unhappy Event, of the Death of the late Emperor, opens a new Scene in the Affairs of Europe, in which all the principal Powers may be immediately or consequentially concerned. It is impossible to determine what Turn the Policy, Interest, or Ambition of several Courts, may lead them to take in this critical Conjunction. It shall be my Care, strictly to observe and attend to their Motions, and to adhere to the Engagements I am under, in order to the Maintaining the Balance of Power, and the Liberties of Europe; and, in concert with such Powers as are under the same Obligations, or equally concerned to preserve the publick Safety and Tranquillity, to act such a Part, as may contribute to avert the imminent Dangers that may threaten them.

Gentlemen of the House of Commons,

I have ordered Estimates to be prepared, and laid before you, for the Service of the ensuing Year. It is always with Regret that I ask any extraordinary Aids of my People; but what I have already mentioned must be sufficient to satisfy you, that some Augmentations will be necessary, not only for carrying on the present War with Vigour, but also to put ourselves in a Condition of being prepared for such Events, as may arise in this New and uncertain State of Europe, I therefore depend on your experienced Zeal and Affection for me and my Government, your Concern for your own Safety, and the Support of the common Cause, to grant me such effectual Supplies, as may be requisite for these great Ends.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

The Scarcity of Corn which has happened in Europe, has induced several Powers to make extraordinary Provisions, to obviate the ill Effects of that Misfortune; and, though in many Parts of this Kingdom, the Harvest has proved more favourable, yet common Prudence calls upon us to provide, as far as may be, against the Approach of such Calamity, Besides, in our present Circumstances, it would be an inexcusable Neglect, to suffer our Enemies to be supplied with any kind of Provisions from my Domini-

ons, and that, even at the Hazard of my own Subjects being distressed. Let me therefore earnestly recommend to you, to consider of some good Law, to prevent this growing Mischief.

The Difficulties which have been found in Manning the Fleets, by the usual Methods hitherto practis'd, demonstrate the Want of some Parliamentary Remedy. I must therefore press it upon you, to lose no Time in making such Provisions, in this Respect, as whilst we are engaged in a War, in Defence of the Commerce and Navigation of this Kingdom, may enable the Publick to avail itself of those great Numbers of Seamen, which make so valuable a Branch of our Strength.

The Importance of these Considerations is so apparent, that I need use no Arguments to convince you of the Necessity of the utmost Unanimity and Dispatch in your Proceedings.

After his Majesty's most gracious Speech, the Duke of Argyll, the Lord Barthurst, the Lord Holderness, the Earl of Hyndford, and several Gentlemen of the House of Commons, mov'd to return his Majesty Thanks for his most gracious Speech, and to assure him of the Support of this House with their Lives and Fortunes, in the Prosecution of this just and necessary War.

London, Nov 14. There are Advices from Dresden, that the King of Poland Elector of Saxony, has sent to assure the Queen of Hungary, that his Majesty will do his utmost to maintain her in the Regency and Possession of the Hereditary Dominions of the House of Austria.

Nov 15. The Elector of Cologne set out the first Instant from Bonn for the Elector of Bavaria's Court at Munich.

Nov 17. His Prussian Majesty has order'd several Regiments to be ready for a March.

A Courier is arriv'd at Fontainebleau from Munich with very important Dispatches.

Nov 22. Letters of the 5th O. S. from Vienna say, that the King of Sardinia has recognis'd the Queen of Hungary and Bohemia, and assur'd her of his Resolution to maintain a good Friendship with her.

Dec 3. Some Letters from Vienna hint as if the Queen of Hungary and Bohemia had Thoughts of yielding the Crown of Bohemia to the Great Duke of Tuscany, to enable him to be an Elector as well as a Competitor for the Imperial Dignity.

Dec 4. We hear that the Right Hon. Sir John Norris, (in the Spring) is to command a Fleet of Forty-five Sail of the Line, besides Four Fire-ships and Two Bomb Vessels in the Channel.

Yesterday there was a current Report that the King of Spain was dead; and that the News was brought by a Dutch Ship; but the Truth is much doubted.

Our Men of War in the Streights have taken a Dutch Ship bound from the Canaries to Majorca, with 170 Bags of Cocoa, and 50,000 Pieces of Eight on board, the Effects of Spaniards, Four Men of that Nation as Supercargoes being on board.

Nov 25. The brave Capt. Peddie is appointed Captain of the Basilisk Bomb-Ketch, in the room of Sir William Hewet, Bart. and all his brave Fellows who were on board his Ship were at the Admiralty, and enter'd on Board the said Bomb Ketch under their Captain, in order, as they said, to have another Slap at the Spaniards. And Sir William Hewet is appointed Captain of the Colchester of 50 Guns, in the room of Captain Richard Simonds deceased.

December 3. We hear that Two Regiments of Foot, are to be sent from Ireland, to be distributed in the Leeward Islands.

Custom House, Charlstown, Entr'd Inwards.

Ship Eagle, Adam Long from London.

Snow Success, Wm. Palmer from Cork.

Entr'd Outwards.

Ship Friendship, John Story for Hull.

Snow Success, Wm. Palmer for Bristol.

Bright Rawleigh, Wm. Koch for Portugal.

Cleared for Departure.

Ship Prince William, Matthew Rook to Cowes.

Snow Matthew, Sam. Bonamy, and

— Lucey, Wm. Evendon for Falmouth.

Sloop Rebecca, John Schermerhorn, and

— Margaret, Benj. Morgan to New-York.

— Lucretia, Dan. Trowbridge to New-London.

Exported from this Place since Nov. 1. 1740.
 Rice 24321 Barrels, Pitch 3594 Barrels:
 1395 Baggs. Tarr 212 Barrels.
 Turpentine 250 Barrels.

PRICE of the following Goods.
 Rice 47 s. 6 d. per C. Turpentine 20 s.
 Pitch 46 s. Skins 18 s.
 Tarr 35 s. Indian Corn 15 s. per Bush.

Advertisements.

All Persons indebted to Mr. James Crockatt late of this Province, are desired to take Notice, that on the first Day of next Month *March*, all the Bonds and Notes due to him, will be then put into Mr. *James Wright* Attorney's Hands without Respect of Persons to be then immediately put in Suit.

Just imported in the Carolina Packet, Capt. Sommerlet from London, and to be sold by Crockatt & Michie at their Store in Broad-street; cambricks, lawns, gullick, tander and bagg bolland, scotch and irish linens, all sorts of s. tcb checks, garlix and oznabrigs, diaper, ticken and turel, russia and holland duck, diaper table cloths, purple, blue and white calicoes, India dimity, men, women and children's cotton and thread stockings, shies, super fine colour'd and scarlet broad-cloths with trimmings, buck skin breeches, rich white & green english damasks, velvet bods, scarlet masterlets, boots and stays, green and boben teas, sugars and spices, bed ticks & feathers, nests of gilt trunks, dutch toys, suinging and pier glasses, books, all sorts of millinery, haberdashery, and cutlery wares, pistols, Indian trading guns, gun powder, bullets and shot, strouds and India trading kettles, with sundry other Goods to be sold very reasonable.

Just imported and to be sold by Houghton & Webb, sundry European Goods, and good Cheese at very reasonable Rates.

Run away from the Ship Alexander, Edw. Cabot Master, on the 8th Instant, two Irish Men Servants one James Whelan, a tall long faced Fellow, had on when he went away a Felt Hat, an old Cap, a red Duffel great Coat, a buff pair of breeches, blue Stockings and o'd shoes: The other William Bulkley, a short, thick Fellow, round back'd and had on when he went away an old Hat, and an old Wig, a darkish colour'd Coat, red Breeches, blue Stockings, and very good Shoes, Whelan is about 19 Years of Age, and Bulkley abut 21: Whoever takes them up and brings them to their said Master on board his Ship lying at Mr. Motte's Bridge, shall have for each 5 £. reward and all reasonable Charges. N.B. All Masters of Vessels and others are hereby caution'd against harbouring, entertaining, or carrying any of the said Servants away, as they would avoid the Penalty of the Law in that Case made and provided.

All Persons indebted to Wm. Cattle as Administrator to the Estate of Wm. Emms deceased, by Bonds for Goods bought of the Estate, are desired to pay the same immediately, or they will be sued without further Notice, by
Wm. Freeman.

Just imported in the Snow Success, William Palmer Master from Cork, a parcel of Sail Duck, for Ships or smaller Vessels, Butter and Beef, also several white Servants, amongst which are several Coopers, a Taylor, a Black smith, a Shoe-maker, two Weavers and a Sawyer, the rest have been chiefly brought up to Husbandry, and are all young Men and not Convicts, their Time is for Four Years, to be sold by
John Savage, & Comp.

Just imported and to be sold by Cooper and Gerald, New-England Rum, Loaf Sugar, Axes, Hoes, Indian Hatchets, and most sorts of European Goods.

Next Week will be published.

The QUERISTS or an Extract of sundry Passages taken out of Mr. Whitefield's printed Sermons, Journals and Letters: together with some Scruples prop'd in proper QUERIES rais'd on each Remark. By some Church members of the Presbyterian Persuasion.

Also Mr. Whitefield's Answer to the above QUERISTS, and two Letters to him, from Nathanael Love Truth.

Just imported in the Carolina Packet, Capt. Sommerlet from London, and to be sold by Elizabeth Holm-day next Door to Doct. Mountrie's in Broad street, a choice parcel of Hoops, curious Toys, Drugs, and sundry other Goods at reasonable Rates.

This is to give Notice, that there are six Lots of Medicines, fresh and good and extraordinarily well offered, to be sold by Dr. William Davison of Doncheester, at 265 s. each; six Months Credit allow'd giving Security Enquire for Particulars of the said Dr. Davison at Doncheester, or of Messrs. Houghton & Webb.

Deliver'd from on Board the Minerva from London, Nov. 16. h. 1740. Two Cases mark'd P No. 1 & 3 for which no Bills of Lading were sign'd. Whoever produces an Invoice of said Goods, may receive them from the Store of Nicholson & Shubrick on the Bay.

Just imported in the Carolina Packet, Capt. Sommerlet, and to be sold by William Wooddrop, at his Store the Corner of Mr. James Crockatt's Tenements, next Door to Mr. Woolford's on the Bay, bolea tea loose or in Canisters, double and single refined sugar, trading guns, and fowling pieces, a large assortment of hard Ware, and sundry other sorts of Goods very cheap, especially for ready Money.

Flown away from Mrs. Blakewey's on the Bay, Monday the 8th Instant, a blue Parrot. Whoever brings it to the said Mrs. Blakewey's, shall have 40 sh. reward.

Run away from the Subscriber at Ashley- Ferry, a Negro Woman, named Maria, supposed to be entertained in or about Charlestown. This is therefore to warn all Persons from entertaining her at their Peril Wm. Simpson.

Also stray'd from the Ferry, a dark Bay Horse, with a Blaze in his Face, branded R on the Munting Buttock, and on the same Side has his Gut fluted. Whoever brings the said Horse to the said Simpson, shall have 5 £. reward.

Brought to Goal in Charlestown, Dec. 12. Diana, a Muttie Negro Wench belonging to William Steeds, taken up at Goose creek by Mr. Mc Gregory.

BROUGHT to the Work House in CHARLES TOWN. Dec. 21. A Negro Girl, with her Face and Arm very much scorch'd (as she says) by the late Fire, says she belongs to Mrs. Johnson.

Whereas several Persons Inhabitants of Charlestown, stand indebted to the Estate of Lieutenant George Haddrell deceased, for the Convenience of such Persons discharging the same, I have lodged a'l such Accounts with Mr. Stephen Hattley Writing Master, Sec. of the Free School, desiring every one whom it may concern to pay the same to him before the first Day of March next. *Susanan Haddrell.*

All Persons indebted to me for Schooling, or Fees as Clerk, Register and Sexton of Christ Church Parish for seven Years past, are humbly desired to pay the same to William Hendrick Esq; (with whom I have lodged all Notes due, and other Accounts ballanced properly attested) in Twenty Days after Date hereof; on Failure of Payment in the said Time, he's Orders to use such Measures to procure the same as may not be agreeable to them nor myself. *Stephen Hartley.*

All Persons indebted to me for Ferriages, &c. these Three Years past, are once more required to pay the same before the first Day of March next, otherwise there will be an absolute Necessity of using such Measures to obtain the same as are not agreeable to
Your humble Servant,
Joseph Severance.

Just imported in the Jolliff's Adventure, and sold by Capt. Wm. Street at Mr. Abraham Crest's House in Union street, good 3 4th, 7 8th, and yard wide garlix; brown oznabrigs, sheeting dowlas, good shirting linen, all sorts of twine lines, shoe thread, canvas, and cordage, stone mugs, and jugs, large red cases 15 bottles each, good Beer at 3 £. per dozen, pumps and shoes, and sundry other sorts of Merchandize.

Brought to Goal in Charles-Town.

Febr. 10. Molly, a run away Negro Girl, speaks but little English, and says her Master's Name is Rich, she has on a good Douglas Shift, and a blue Negro Cloth Gown; taken up at the New-Market Plantation, by a Son of John Amory.